Travel information for the PRIDNESTROVSKAIA MOLDAVSKAIA RESPUBLICA



Home

Kamenka, Wittgenstein's paradise

-KAMENKA-

Kamenka is located on the banks of the Dniester River, in northern PMR. It was developed by prince Peter Wittgenstein, a German-Russian field marshall. He spent many years and much of his fortune to turn Kamenka into his own dream of paradise.

When Peter Wittgenstein first set foot in Kamenka he knew that he had found his own personal paradise. Located in a valley enclosed by the mountains of northern PMR, Kamenka is much warmer than other parts of the country.

Prince Peter Wittgenstein was a Field Marshal distinguished for his services in the Napoleonic wars. He also commanded the Russian army in the



Historic Kamenka, PMR

war against Turkey, fighting a winning battle which took place on the River Prut in what is today Moldova.



Peter Wittgenstein

Wittgenstein discovers Kamenka

This was when Wittgenstein discovered Kamenka. In contrast to Moldova, the territory on the left bank of the Dniester River was Christian and never been in the hands of Turkey. So it was safe territory for Wittgenstein and he picked Kamenka as his base. Amazed with the beauty of Kamenka, the field marshall made it the center of a beautiful park with various breeds of rare trees and bushes. In the

private park was opened the climatic station, vacation homes and a sanatorium where Europe's landed gentry could come for health treatment. Wittgensteins also opened a bottling plant for Kamenka's mineral waters.

Around Kamenka: Rashkov's historical legacy

Openwork bridges (two of them still in use) connected picturesque ponds. A huge, colorful flower bed was constructed in the same of the Wittgenstein family Coat of Arms. For years, Kamenka has maintained its historical legacy. To this very day, Wittgenstein's vinery cells and grape terraces are still maintained in Kamenka.



View near Kamenka



- Visit PMR

 Home
- ▶ Country overview
- Quick facts
- Getting there
- Getting around
- Where to stay
- Where to eat
- What to see
- ▶ Towns / Cities
- Travel reports
- Map / Territory
- ▶ Photos
- F.A.Q.
- News from PMR
- Links

In this area there are a lot of historic monuments, architecture and culture. Don't miss a photo visit to the beautifully restored Polish Catholic church *Sacred Kaatan* in the nearby village of Rashkov, a historical river town with a long and famous past. It is also the home of an extensive natural landscape preserve.

Kamenka's history

Kamenka is one of the oldest settlements of Pridnestrovie, with civilization dating back to the epoch of late paleolith. Nearby Kamenka villages like Katerinovka and Rashkovo are home to some of Europe's most interesting archeological digs.



Road to Kamenka

Kamenka's history is an important part of the history of the rest of Pridnestrovie. In the ninth and tenth centuries, it was part of Kiev Russia. In the fifteenth century, it became part of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania as a result of the Polish-Lithuanian union which included Pridnestrovie. The border was marked by the Dniester river. Moldavia, on the other side of the river, was never part of the union.

Kamenka was formally incorporated as a town in 1776 as the personal property of prince Sergey Trubetskoy, who soon sold it to a relative, Peter Wittgenstein. Famous for winning battles against Napoleon, he was a friend of fellow German Carl von Clausewitz who joined him to serve in the Russian Army. Both Wittgenstein and Clausewitz led the Russian Empire to success on the battlefield. Later, Clausewitz returned to Prussia to write his book entitled "On War" while Wittgenstein staying behind in Kamenka, his own personal paradise.

After the death of Peter Wittgenstein in 1843, his eleven children continued developing Kamenka. They constructed roads, bridges and even opened free drugstores for the population of the area. Even today, the area still retains a strong German influence.

Wittgenstein's estate in Kamenka was the childhood playground of *Lolita*-author Vladimir Nabokov. Visiting his aunt Elizabeth, who had married into the Wittgenstein family, young Nabokov wrote fondly of his days in Pridnestrovie in his memoirs: "Picnics, plays, stormy games, our mysterious park, charming old Batov, splendid Wittgenstein estates."

The *Dniester Sanatorium* is located close to Wittgenstein's park. Today, it is a modern health resort: Comfortable, with light interiors, a fine dining room and a cinema hall with seating for 550 people, indoor swimming pool, library, billiard.

It offers therapeutic and recreational services for the residents and visitors to Pridnestrovie. A unique method of medical treatment called ampelotherapy (treatment by grape juice and wine) is successfully practiced in the sanatorium.

It also offers dancing and a sports area, as well as an on-site tourist agency. Every evening there are entertaining programs.

There are 2 blocks in sanatorium with 450 rooms: SGL, DBL, DBL-Luxe. In each room there are shower, bath, tv-set, and en-suite toilet.

Pridnestrovie's Switzerland

The Kamenka region, also called "Pridnestrovie's Switzerland", is a therapeutic and recreational zone. Here, the monuments of nature and historical places alternate with the ravine-covered slopes of the valleys of the Dniester and its tributaries.

A small area of the floodplain landscape near the village of Valea-Adynka with an output of ancient limestone. Time, wind, and water have eroded the abrupt slopes near the village of Rashkov, having formed the limestone outliers, towering above the slopes.

PMR news

- An American in Tiraspol
- Conflict can be resolved by the creation of a separate state: Condoleezza Rice
- Peacekeeping force warns Moldova and prohibits new illegal roadblocks
- 17 years old in 2007

more

Main | Overview | Facts | Getting there | Getting around | Hotels | Food | Sights | Towns / Cities | Reviews | Map | Photos FAQ | News | Contact | Links | Search | Articles | Admin | Русский